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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : POLY PRO SEAL

Product code : 41-217M

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : Navy Brand Mfg. Co.

: 3670 Scarlet Oak Blvd. St. Louis, Mo. 63122 Address

: (636) 861-5500 (or) (800) 325-3312 Telephone

Emergency telephone : 24 Hour Emergency Telephone : (800) 255-3924 CHEMTEL

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Concentrated csilicone/polymer sealer for automobiles

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Skin irritation : Category 2

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

GHS Label element

Hazard pictograms





Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

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P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ atten-

tion.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ atten-

tion

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before

reuse. Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-

posal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature : Silicone emulsion and water

Hazardous ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Concentration (%)
Dimethyl siloxane with aminoethylaminopropyl	68554-54-1	>= 30 - < 50
silsesquioxane, hydroxy-term		
Ethoxylated branched C11-14, C13-rich alcohols	78330-21-9	>= 1 - < 5
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	>= 1 - < 5
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	>= 1 - < 5
Hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium chloride	112-02-7	>= 0.1 - < 1

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

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In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

: Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eve irritation.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment

when the potential for exposure exists.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam

Dry chemical

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

: Carbon oxides Silicon oxides

Formaldehyde Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

tive equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions, protec- : Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equip-

ment recommendations.

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Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Ingredients	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	TWA	10 ppm	DCC OEL
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	TWA	10 ppm	DCC OEL

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Hazardous components without workplace control parameters

Ingredients	CAS-No.
Dimethyl siloxane with	68554-54-1
aminoethylaminopropyl	
silsesquioxane, hydroxy-term	
Ethoxylated branched C11-14,	78330-21-9
C13-rich alcohols	
Hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium	112-02-7
chloride	

Engineering measures : Processing may form hazardous compounds (see section

10).

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to

maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided

by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other

circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Impervious gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before

breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

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These precautions are for room temperature handling. Use at elevated temperature or aerosol/spray applications may require added precautions.

For further information regarding the use of silicones / organic oils in consumer aerosol applications, please refer to the guidance document regarding the use of these type of materials in consumer aerosol applications that has been developed by the silicone industry (www.SEHSC.com) or contact the Dow Corning customer service group.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Liquid

Color : Yellow

Odor : None

Odor Threshold : No data available

,

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling : 212 °F

range

Hq

Flash point : > 100 °C

Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate : < 1

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit : No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Relative density : 1.0

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : Miscible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

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Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 10 cP

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

: Use at elevated temperatures may form highly hazardous

compounds.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products will be formed at elevated

temperatures.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition : Formaldehyde

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Ingredients:

Ethoxylated branched C11-14, C13-rich alcohols:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 500 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

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Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 4,800 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: Based on test data

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 2975 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Based on test data

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2.5 ml/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on test data

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 24,134 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 8.67 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium chloride:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 699 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 528 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Ingredients:

Dimethyl siloxane with aminoethylaminopropyl silsesquioxane, hydroxy-term:

Result: Skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethoxylated branched C11-14, C13-rich alcohols:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation Remarks: Based on test data

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Hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium chloride:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Corrosive after 1 to 4 hours of exposure Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingredients:

Dimethyl siloxane with aminoethylaminopropyl silsesquioxane, hydroxy-term:

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethoxylated branched C11-14, C13-rich alcohols:

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation Remarks: Based on test data

Hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium chloride:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization: Not classified based on available information. Respiratory sensitization: Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitization.

Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Species: Humans

Remarks: No known sensitising effect.

Based on test data

Ingredients:

Ethoxylated branched C11-14, C13-rich alcohols:

Test Type: Human repeat insult patch test (HRIPT)

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitization.

Test Type: Maximization Test (GPMT)

Species: Guinea pig

Remarks: Based on test data

Hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium chloride:

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Test Type: Buehler Test

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vitro mammalian cytogenetic test)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

: Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with

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mammalian liver cells in vivo

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on test data

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium chloride:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHANo ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcino-

gen by OSHA.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or

egual to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen

by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Ingredients:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Symptoms: Effects on fertility. Remarks: Based on test data

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Prenatal development toxicity study (teratogenicity)

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)
Symptoms: No effects on fetal development.

Remarks: Based on test data

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and

fertility, based on animal experiments.

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Inhalation Symptoms: No effects on fertility. Remarks: Based on test data

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Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Inhalation

Symptoms: No effects on fetal development.

Remarks: Based on test data

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility,

or on development, based on animal experiments.

Hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium chloride:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Skin contact

Result: negative

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Ingredients:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Routes of exposure: Ingestion

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg

bw or less.

Routes of exposure: inhalation (vapor)

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 1 mg/l/6h/d or

less.

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 200 mg/kg

bw or less.

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 200 mg/kg

bw or less.

Routes of exposure: Ingestion

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg

bw or less.

Routes of exposure: inhalation (vapor)

Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 1 mg/l/6h/d or

less.

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Repeated dose toxicity

Ingredients:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Remarks: Based on test data

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Remarks: Based on test data

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: Skin contact Remarks: Based on test data

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Skin contact Remarks: Based on test data

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Remarks: Based on test data

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Remarks: Based on test data

Hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium chloride:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 300 mg/kg

Application Route: Ingestion

Exposure time: 28 d

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Further information

Ingredients:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Remarks: Results from a 2 year repeated vapor inhalation exposure study to rats of octamethyl-cyclotetrasiloxane (D4) indicate effects (benign uterine adenomas) in the uterus of female animals. This finding occurred at the highest exposure dose (700 ppm) only. Studies to date have not demonstrated if these effects occur through pathways that are relevant to humans. Based on the available information on its potential to cause harm to human health, Health Canada, in a 2008 screening assessment, has concluded that octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane is not entering the environment in a quantity or concentration or under conditions that constitute or may constitute a danger in Canada to human life or health (http://www.ec.gc.ca/ese-

ees/default.asp?lang=En&n=2481B508-1). Repeated exposure in rats to D4 resulted in protoporphyrin accumulation in the liver. Without knowledge of the specific mechanism leading to the protoporphyrin accumulation the relevance of this finding to humans is unknown.

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Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:

Remarks: Results from a 2 year repeated vapor inhalation exposure study to rats of decamethyl-cyclopentasiloxane (D5) indicate effects (uterine endometrial tumors) in female animals. This finding occurred at the highest exposure dose (160 ppm) only. Studies to date have not demonstrated if this effect occurs through a pathway that is relevant to humans. Based on the available information on its potential to cause harm to human health, Health Canada, in a 2008 screening assessment, has concluded that D5 is not entering the environment in a quantity or concentration or under conditions that constitute or may constitute a danger in Canada to human life or health (http://www.ec.gc.ca/ese-ees/default.asp?lang=En&n=13CC261E-1).

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ingredients:

Ethoxylated branched C11-14, C13-rich alcohols:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 5.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : EC50: > 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 0.33 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.77 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.022 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia sp.): > 0.015 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae : EC50: > 0.022 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

NOEC: 0.022 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

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Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): >= 0.0044 mg/l

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.0079 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to bacteria : IC50: > 10,000 mg/l Method: ISO 8192

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

: Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity

: This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

Hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium chloride:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 0.19 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.09 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.05

mq/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.047

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 10

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 32.2 µg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 6.8 µg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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Toxicity to bacteria

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 0.96 mg/l

Exposure time: 16 h Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Persistence and degradability

Ingredients:

Ethoxylated branched C11-14, C13-rich alcohols:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 95 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 3.7 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

Stability in water : Degradation half life: 69.3 - 144 h (24.6 °C) pH: 7

Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 0.14 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

Hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium chloride:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 93.5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredients:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 6.48 (25.1 °C)

octanol/water

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): >= 500

Remarks: Based on test data Trophic magnification factor <1 Biomagnification factor <1

Does not biomagnify along the food chain.

Hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium chloride:

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Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 33 - 160

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

Ingredients:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Remarks: Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) meets the current REACh Annex XIII criteria for PBT and vPvB. In Canada, D4 has been assessed and deemed to meet the PiT criteria. However, D4 does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that D4 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D4 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D4 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living organisms.

Ingredients:

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

: Remarks: Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (D5) meets the current REACh Annex XIII criteria for vPvB. However, D5 does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that D5 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D5 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D5 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living organisms. Based on an independent scientific panel of experts, the Canadian Minister of the Environment has concluded that "D5 is not entering the environment in a quantity or concentration or under conditions that have or may have an immediate or longterm harmful effect on the environment or its biological diversity, or that constitute or may constitute a danger to the environment on which life depends".

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)

: This product has been evaluated for RCRA characteristics and does not meet the criteria of hazardous waste if discarded

in its purchased form.

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Dispose of as unused product.

POLY PRO SEAL

Revision Date: 03/26/2015

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal

dling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulation

UNRTDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard

Chronic Health Hazard

SARA 302 : No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting re-

quirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with

known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

 Water
 7732-18-5
 50 - 70 %

 Dimethyl siloxane with aminoethylaminopro 68554-54-1
 30 - 50 %

pyl silsesquioxane, hydroxy-term

New Jersey Right To Know

Water 7732-18-5 50 - 70 %

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Dimethyl siloxane with aminoethylaminopro-	68554-54-1	30 - 50 %
pyl silsesquioxane, hydroxy-term		
Ethoxylated branched C11-14, C13-rich	78330-21-9	1 - 5 %
alcohols		
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	1 - 5 %
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	1 - 5 %

California Prop 65 This product does not contain any chemicals known to the

State of California to cause cancer, birth, or any other repro-

ductive defects.

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

NZIoC : All ingredients listed or exempt.

REACH : All ingredients (pre-)registered or exempt.

AICS : All ingredients listed or exempt.

IECSC : All ingredients listed or exempt.

ENCS/ISHL : All components are listed on ENCS/ISHL or exempted from

inventory listing.

KECI : All ingredients listed, exempt or notified.

PICCS : All ingredients listed or exempt.

DSL : All chemical substances in this product comply with the CEPA

1999 and NSNR and are on or exempt from listing on the

Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).

TSCA : All chemical substances in this material are included on or

exempted from listing on the TSCA Inventory of Chemical

Substances.

Inventories

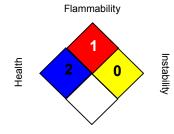
AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), IECSC (China), REACH (European Union), ENCS (Japan), ISHL (Japan), KECI (Korea), NZIoC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TCSI (Taiwan), TSCA (USA)

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA:



Special hazard.

HMIS III:

HEALTH	3*
FLAMMABILITY	1
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0

0 = not significant, 1 = Slight, 2 = Moderate, 3 = High 4 = Extreme, * = Chronic

Full text of other abbreviations

DCC OEL : Guide

DCC OEL / TWA : Time weighted average

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 03/26/2015

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

US / Z8